

Frodsham Primary Academy Nursery Curriculum EYFS YEAR B 2022-2023

























Planning a sequenced curriculum to ensure all children make progress and are ready for the next stage of their education.

V1 September 2022

Sequenced Curriculum - 2022 to 2023

New EYFS Framework

•	Age Related Expectations	* Teaching and learning a		•	,	
Area of Learning	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Overarching Theme	COLOURS AND ME	FAMILIES AND CELEBRATIONS	UNDER THE SEA	GROWING AND CHANGING	TRAVEL	CHESTER ZOO
Planning around a quality text: Year B	Pete Cat The Property Control of	OWL BABIES CHRISTMAS STORY THE CARTSTMAS	STORM WHALE WHITE	Odd Egg Gubur Gubu	Michael Bood Paddington	Welcome Home, Bear ANDY US
Linked texts Fiction Non-fiction Traditional Tales Diversity	Pete the Cat links Busy Kittens – Jon Schindel Maisy Gets a Pet – Lucy Cousins Matilda's Cat – Emily Gravette Dogs – Emily Gravette Funny Bones links Happy to be Me - Emma Dodd What Happened to You - James Catchpole My First Body My Hair – Hannah Lee All Are Welcome by Alexandra Penfold The Big Book of Families Colour Monster Seasons, celebrations and visits links Kipper's Birthday Lulu Loves the Library The Little Red Hen	Owl Baby links Wow! Said the Owl – Tim Hopgood Little Owl's First Day – Debi Gliori Sidney the Lonely Cloud – Tim Hopgood I love My series – Giles Andraea The Christmas Story links Kippers Toy Box Jolly Christmas Postman A Letter from Santa Seasons, celebrations and visits links Autumn – Allie Busby Wind – Carol Thompson Leaf Man by Lois Ehler Hats of Faith The Enormous Turnip	The Storm Whale links I Can Fly - Fifi Kuo Busy Penguins - Jon Schnidel Say Hello to Snowy Animals - Ian Whybrow Shark in the Park - Nick Sharrat Tiddler - Julia Donaldson Seasons, celebrations and visits links Winter - Allie Busby Snow - Carol Thompson	The Odd Eggs links Dora's Chicks – J Sykes Come on Daisy – Jane Simmons Busy Chickens – Jon Schnidel The Extraordinary Gardner links Lulu Loves Flowers Oliver's Vegetables links Jasper's Beanstalk Jack and the Beanstalk Seasons, celebrations and visits links Spring – Allie Busby Rain – Carol Thompson The Very Busy Spider Hatty Peck The Teeny Weeny Tadpole Golden Domes and Silver Lanterns – Hena Kahan	Paddington links Paddington Stories Paddington Meets the Queen Paddington and the Tutti-Frutti Icecream Goldilocks and the Three Bears Seasons, celebrations and visits links Summer – Allie Busby Sun – Carol Thompson	Welcome Home, Bear links We are Going on a Bear Hunt – Michael Rosen Bear and Hare, Mine – Emily Gravette There's a Bear on My Chair – Ross Collins Busy Bear Cubs – John Schnidel Animals and Us links Non-fiction text linked to: Snakes, Tigers, Toucans- Monkey and Me by Emily Gravette Busy Panda – John Schnidel Busy Elephants – John Schnidel Busy Gorillas – John Schnidel
Linked rhymes / songs	Pete the Cat links I have a Pet – Super Simple When Cats Get up in the Morning – Super Simple Funny Bones links If You Are Happy Head, Shoulders Two Little Eyes Doctor Foster Ms Polly had a Dolly Seasons, celebrations and visits links Happy Birthday	Owl Baby links Like an Owl Wide Eyed Owl There Where Five in the Bed The Finger Family Seasons, celebrations and visits links Rain, Rain, Go Away Hear Thunder What's the weather? Christmas songs	The Storm Whale links o Five Little Penguins o I had a Little Turtle Seasons, celebrations and visits links o Five little snowmen o I'm a little snowflake	The Odd Egg links O Bartolito O Spring Chicken O Chick, Chick, Chicken O Five Little Chicks The Extraordinary Gardner links O This is My Garden O I'm a Little Daisy O Five Little Flowers Oliver's Vegetables links O The Vegetable Song	Paddington links o Teddy Bear, Teddy Bear o Teddy Bear's Picnic o Five Little Bears o The Journey to Grandpas Seasons, celebrations and visits links o Sun, Sun, Shining Down	Welcome Home, Bear links o Old McDonald Had a Zoo o An Elephant Goes o The Animals went to the Fair o Five Little Elephants Seasons, celebrations and visits links o The Wheels on the Bus o
	CORE VALUES:	CHILDREI	N FIRST RE	SILIENCE PIC	DNEERING	

Trips/Visitors Enrichments	Visitors:	Visitors: Families- Stay and play Care home visitors Trip: Christmas Shopping in Frodsham Care home singing	Visitors: Shark Keeper from Blue Planet Trip: Blue Planet Aquarium Winter walk	Visitors:	Visitors: Family members talking about holidays / living in other countries Trip: Walk to the local train station	Visitors: ○ Chester Zoo Rangers- Trip: ○ Chester Zoo
Celebrations / Festivals / Special Events	 Birthdays Roald Dahl day Harvest Festival Black History Month Halloween 	 Birthdays Bonfire night Diwali / Hannukah Christmas Remembrance Day Children in Need 	Chinese New YearValentine's DayStory Telling Week	 World Book Day Red Nose Day Mother's Day St Patricks Day Easter Eid Science Week 	 Ramadan St Georges Day Father's Day Healthy Eating Week 	Father's DayTransitionSports Day

Playing & Exploring	Pooling that their actions have an effect on the world as the world to be a recently of the re-
	Realise that their actions have an effect on the world, so they want to keep repeating them.
	 Plan and think ahead about how they will explore or play with objects. Guide their own thinking and actions by talking to themselves while playing. For example, a child doing a jigsaw might whisper under their breath: "Where does that one go? – I need to find the big horse next."
	Make independent choices. Particles a real and the thors have been accompanied by the second and the second and the second accompanied by the
	 Do things independently that they have been previously taught. Bring their own interests and fascinations into early years settings. This helps them to develop their learning.
	Respond to new experiences that you bring to their attention.
Active Learning	 Participate in routines, such as going to their cot or mat when they want to sleep.
	 Begin to predict sequences because they know routines. For example, they may anticipate lunch when they see the table being set, or get their coat when the door to the outdoor area opens.
	 Show goal-directed behaviour. For example, babies may pull themselves up by using the edges of a low table to reach for a toy on top of the table. Toddlers might turn a storage box upside down so they can stand on it and reach up for an object.
	 Begin to correct their mistakes themselves. For example, instead of using increasing force to push a puzzle piece into the slot, they try another piece to see if it will fit.
	 Keep on trying when things are difficult.
Thinking and Creating Critically	 Take part in simple pretend play. For example, they might use an object like a brush to pretend to brush their hair, or 'drink' from a pretend cup.
	 Sort materials. For example, at tidy-up time, children know how to put different construction materials in separate baskets.
	 Review their progress as they try to achieve a goal. Check how well they are doing.
	 Solve real problems: for example, to share nine strawberries between three friends, they might put one in front of each, then a second, and finally a third. Finally, they might check at the end that everyone has the same number of strawberries.
	 Use pretend play to think beyond the 'here and now' and to understand another perspective. For example, a child role-playing the billy goats gruff might suggest that "Maybe the troll is lonely and hungry? That's why he is fierce."
	 Know more, so feel confident about coming up with their own ideas. Make more links between those ideas.
	 Concentrate on achieving something that's important to them. They are increasingly able to control their attention and ignore distractions.

COMMUNICATION & LANGUAGE: Listening, Attention & Understanding Speaking – Weaved throughout the whole of the EYFS curriculum

Educational Programme: The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's back-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, story-telling and role play, where children share their ideas with support and modelling from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures.

Autumn Spring Summer

Learning Priorities: Linked to Development Matters 2021

Listening, Attention and Understanding

- Pay attention to one thing at a time
 - ⇒ Listen 1:1 to develop independence within daily routine
 - ⇒ Participate in short multi-sensory Key Person group time
- Enjoy listening to stories and begin to remember much of what happens
 - ⇒ Listen to short stories with illustrations / props / sounds
 - ⇒ Recall key events / name key characters
 - Begin to join in text retell repeated refrains / some actions
- Follow an instruction with one part
 - ⇒ Linked to: □ daily routine □ Key Person group activities
 - ⇒ Special events: Autumn walk
- Understand simple questions about 'who', 'what' and 'where'
 - Getting to know: □ one another □ new learning space □ daily routine □ learning choices
 - ⇒ Recount of events: □ own experiences □ stories
- Begin to understand some 'why' questions related to own experiences
 - Autumn time / family events / special nursery events

Speaking

- Begin to use a wider range of vocabulary
 - ⇒ Linked to: □ daily routine □ themes □ key knowledge
- Learn new rhyme and begin to develop a repertoire of songs.
 - ⇒ Join in with actions / props
 - ⇒ Fill in some missing words
- Begin to talk about a familiar book one-to-one
 - ⇒ Comment on an illustration ...picture / illustration
 - ⇒ Favourite character / part ... character / event
- Develop communication, begin to use different tenses
- Begin to use longer sentences of 4/6 words
- Start a conversation with an adult / friend
- Begin to use talk to organise selves / play

Listening, Attention and Understanding

- Enjoy listening to stories & remember much of what happens
 - ⇒ Participate in small story group times
 - ⇒ Through questioning recall key story events
 - ⇒ Join in with simple text retelling using actions / words
- Begin to shift attention from one thing to another when needed and given a prompt
- Begin to understand and follow a two-part instruction
 - ⇒ Linked to: □ daily routine □ child-initiated learning
- Understand some 'why' questions
 - ⇒ Within child-initiated learning
 - ⇒ Song / story time
- Begin to show an understanding of some prepositions
 - ⇒ Follow some simple instructions up / down / next to
 - ⇒ Begin to use language of prepositions on / in
- Begin to listen to others in a small group with support

Speaking

- Use a wider range of vocabulary
 - ⇒ Linked to: □ daily routine □ themes □ key knowledge
- Continue to develop and sing a repertoire of songs
- Sing a range of rhymes/songs as part of a group
- Talk about a familiar book and begin to tell a simple story
 - ⇒ Using illustrations / props □ name main characters □ sequence main events
- Continue to develop communication: □ use future and past tense (not always correctly) □ use longer sentence of 4/6 words □ begin to join sentences with 'and' □ start a conversation with an adult / friend and begin to continue it with many turns □ use talk to organise selves / play
- Begin to retell a simple past event in correct order
- Begin to express a point of view: likes dislikes

Listening, Attention and Understanding

- Enjoy listening to longer stories (with increased attention) and can remember much of what happens
 - ⇔ Can answer a range of questions (who, what, where and why) with relevant comments. With support begin to use full sentences when giving responses.
- Shift attention from one thing to another with prompt
- Understand and follow a two-part instruction
 - Across the daily routine with confidence and independence
- Understand and respond confidently to simple 'why' questions
 - ⇒ Within a range of contexts across the daily routine
 - ⇒ With support begin to answer using some full sentences
- Show an understanding of some prepositions
 - ⇒ Within instructions behind / in font of
 - ⇒ Use language of prepositions up / down / next to
- Listen to others in a small group, turn taking with use of prop e.g. talking when holding the teddy bear

Speaking

- User a wider range of vocabulary in a range of contexts
 - ⇒ Linked to: □ daily routine □ themes □ key knowledge
- Sing a large repertoire of songs
 - ⇒ As part of a group / independently
- Talk about a familiar book and tell a longer story
 - ⇒ Talk about characters / main events / likes / dislikes
- Develop communication: □ begin to use a wider range of tenses (some correct) □ use longer sentences of 4 / 6 words □ join sentences with 'and' / 'like' / 'because' □ start a conversation and continue it, turn taking – be a good listener
- Use talk to: □ Retell a simple past event in correct order □ organise self □ Express a view point likes / dislikes □ Debate

Frodsham Primary Academy- PSHE progression through EYFS PSED/PD/UW



Educational Programme: Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives, and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others. Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confidence in their own abilities, to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies, including healthy eating, and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life

ELG (PSE)

Self-regulation

- Show an understanding of their feelings & begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly
- Set & work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want & control their immediate impulses when appropriate
- Give focussed attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, & show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions

Managing Self

- Be confident to try new activities & show independence, resilience & perseverance in the face of challenge
- Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong & try to behave accordingly
- Manage own basic hygiene & personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet & understanding the importance of healthy food choices Building Relationships
- Work & play cooperatively & take turns with others
- Form positive attachments to adults & friendships with peers
- Show sensitivity to their own & other's needs

Focus	Health and Well-Being		Relationsh	nips		Living in the Wid	ler World	Vocabu	ılary- To be used daily.		
Nursery	 Enjoys a sense of belonging thro 	ugh being involved in	• Become	more outgoing with unfamiliar peop	le, in the safe	Develop a sens	se of responsibility &	Rules			
Skills	daily tasks		context of	their setting		membership of	a community	Dange	er		
	Shows confidence & self-esteem	through being	Develop	appropriate ways of being assertive		 Increasingly fo 	llow rules, understanding	Healt	hy/ Unhealthy		
	outgoing towards people, taking r	isks & trying new	• Talk with	n others to solve conflicts		why they are im	portant	Exerc	ise		
	things or social situations & being	able to express their	• Is more	able to recognise the impact of their	choices and	 Understands t 	hat expectations vary		/ Different		
	needs & asks adults for help		behaviour	s/actions on others and knows that s	ome actions	depending on	different events, social	Need			
	Be increasingly independent in n	neeting their own care	and words	s can hurt others' feelings		situations and	changes in routine, and	Want			
	needs, e.g. brushing teeth, using t	he toilet, washing &		nterest in the lives of people who are			able to adapt their	Happ	y/ Sad		
	drying hands			ome of the things that make them ur	behaviour in fa	avourable conditions					
	Make healthy choices about food	d, drink, activity &		some of the similarities and differen	ces in relation						
	tooth brushing		to friends	,							
Nursery	Autumn 1	Autumn 2		Spring 1	-	ring 2	Summer 1		Summer 2		
Knowledge	Colours and feelings	Families and Cele	brations	Under the Sea	Growing a	and changing	Travel		Chester Zoo		
	Can leave main carer			Shows independence when usi	ng the toilet and p	outting on their	 Can take responsibility for areas of provision 				
	 Is happy to try new activities 			coat.			 Can explain what makes a good friend 				
	Explores the classroom with in			 Can engage in group activities a 		their toys.			etween healthy and unhealthy		
	Can talk about their similarities		• Can follow the rules of the classroom foods and drinks and explain the effect of								
	Can talk about what makes the	Ik about what makes them happy and sad • Can say sorry when they have made a wrong choice									
				 Can say when they are hungry/ 	tired/thirsty						
Children to be e	exposed to key vocabulary daily in pro	vision. High quality text	to be choser	n for story times that allow for questi	oning opportuniti	es relating to key e	vents. Classroom displays	will displa	y timetables and behavioural		

expectations of the day. Classrooms will provide quiet areas within their provision. Children will be encouraged to talk about their feelings and emotions throughout the day. Classrooms will promote and celebrate positive behaviour.

Frodsham Primary Academy- PE progression through EYFS PD: Gross Motor Skills/ Fine Motor Skills / EAD: Being Imaginative



Educational Programme: Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practise of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

ELG (PD)

- Negotiate space & obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves & others
- Demonstrate strength, balance & coordination when playing
- Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping & climbing

Focus	Gymnastics movements	Basic movement and games	Dance	Fine motor skills	Health and Self Care	Vocabulary- To be used daily.
Nursery Skills	Can balance on one foot or in a squat momentarily, shifting body weight to improve stability Walks down steps, using alternate feet, or slopes whilst carrying a small object, maintaining balance & stability	Can grasp & release with two hands to throw & catch a large ball, beanbag or object Runs with spatial awareness & negotiates space successfully, adjusting speed or direction to avoid obstacles Develop their movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes & bikes)	Increasingly able to use & remember sequences & patterns of movements which are related to music & rhythm Use large muscle movements to wave flags & streamers	Use one-handed tools & equipment Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens & pencils Start to eat independently	Be increasingly independent as they get dressed & undressed, & meeting their own care needs Takes practical action to reduce risk Observe & describe in words or actions the effects of physical activity on their bodies	Follow, lead, copy, gallop, slither, crawl, kick, catch, throw, push, pat, slither, shuffle, roll, crawl, walk, run, hop, slide, squat, climb, land, stand, jump, balance, space, race, chase, speed, direction, obstacles, stretch, strong, firm, gentle, heavy, floppy
Nursery Knowledge	Autumn 1 Colours and feelings Autumn 2 Families and Celebrations • Know how to skip, hop, stand on one leg & hold a pose for a game like musical statues • Know how to climb up stairs, steps & move across equipment using alternate feet • Know how to crawl, walk & run across a plank • Know how to push, roll & bounce a large ball • Know how to throw a large ball • Know how to catch a large ball • Know how to move a large ball using feel • Know how to kick a ball • Know how to change speed & direction to avoid obstacles		Unde Sp	to music novements to wave flags & with scissors hand	Tr Sum	& dry hands ed to be handled safely

Children in nursery have lots of opportunities to reinforce their developing physical skills through the provision provided both indoors and out. We have a large trim trail where children develop their gross motor skills and balance. Children also take part in a weekly dance sessions in the main school hall.

Frodsham Primary Academy-Reading progression through EYFS Literacy- Reading/ Communication and Language/ Expressive Arts and Design



Educational Programme: It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Writing involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing).

ELG - Comprehension

- -Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories & narratives using their own words & recently introduced vocabulary
- -Anticipate, where appropriate, key events in stories
- -Use & understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes & poems & during role-play

Word Reading

- -Say a sound of each letter in the alphabet & at least 10 digraphs
- -Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending
- -Read aloud simple sentences & books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge including some common exception words

Focus	Decoding	Range of Reading	Familiarity with t	ext	Poetry and	Word Meaning	Underst	anding and	Predication	Discussing Reading	
					performance		Infe	erence			
Nursery Skills	Understand print has meaning, can have different purposes, we read English text from left to right & from top to bottom, the names of the different parts of books & page sequencing Count or clap syllables in a word Recognise words with the same initial sound Recognises familiar words and signs such as	Shows interest in illustrations and words in print and digital books and words in the environment Looks at and enjoys print and digital books independently	Joins in with repearefrains and anticipal key events and phration rhymes and stories. Begins to be aware the way stories are structured, and to to own stories. Be able to talk about familiar stories & tellong story.	ates ases es e of ell	Spot & suggest rhymes Sings to self and makes up simple songs Creates sounds, movements, drawings to accompany stories Sing a large repertoire of songs	Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary Builds up vocabulary that reflects the breadth of their experiences	Beginr understa	ning to and why questions alk to what is	Joins in with repeated refrains and anticipates key events and phrases in rhymes and stories Talks about events and principal characters in stories and suggests how the story might end	Listens to others in one-to-one or small groups, when conversation interests them Listens to familiar stories with increasing attention and recall Be able to express a point of view & to debate when they disagree	
	own name, advertising logos and screen icons										
Nursery		Autumn 1		Spring 1				Sum	mer 1		
Knowledge		Colours and feelings			Unde	r the Sea		Travel			
		Autumn 2			Sp	ring 2		Summer 2			
	F	amilies and Celebrations			Growing a	nd changing		Chester Zoo			
	Can point to the words and	I the pictures in a book.		Can c	rally segment and blend (CVC words		Can predict what might happen next in stories			
	Tracks print with their finge	ers.		Can g	roups words/objects with	the same initial sounds		Understands the key part of a book- Title, spine, front cover, back cover,			
	Can join in with the repeat	ing refrains in the text Pete tl	ne Cat ' I like my	Can r	ead their name			blurb.			
	white shoes I like my red	shoes		Can s	equence events from fam	iliar traditional tales		Can clap ar	nd count syllables with 2,3	,4 syllable words.	
	Can sequence a story using visual images.			Can n	ame the characters and d	ifferentiate between god	od and	Can read a	n unfamiliar text independ	lently by the use of images.	
	Can continue a rhyme and match rhyming words together			bad characters				Can read and match CVC words to images			
	Listen to stories and answer simple questions.			Can use the words 'beginning', 'middle' and 'end' to describe				Can read all single set 1 sounds (RWInc)			
					story structure.				Can read a phonic book based on current phonic knowledge.		
					nswer 'who', 'what' and	<u> </u>					
Children to be	e exposed to key vocabulary a	and quality texts within all are	eas of the provision. C		·	<u> </u>	rs and kev	vocabulary t	hrough well planned cont	nuous provision all linked to a	

Children to be exposed to key vocabulary and quality texts within all areas of the provision. Children will become familiar with text structure, characters and key vocabulary through well planned continuous provision all linked to a quality key text. There will be a balance of fiction and non-fictions texts used to support learning. Children will have daily literacy inputs and daily phonics inputs where concepts about print and book handling skills will be modelled. Reading will take high priority across provision.

Frodsham Primary Academy- Writing progression through EYFS Literacy- Writing/ Physical Development/ Expressive Arts and Design



Educational Programme: It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Writing involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing).

ELG - Writing

- -Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.
- -Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters.
- -Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.
- ELG-Physical Development-Fine Motor Skills
- -Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing-using the tripod grip in almost all cases.
- -Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery.
- -Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing

Focus	Transcription				Composition							
		(Spelling and Handwriting)		(Articulating ideas and structuring them into speech, before writing)							
		T	T									
Nursery Skills	Distinguishes between the different marks they make Draws and writes on paper, on screen and on different textures, such as in sand or playdough and through using touch screen technology	Sometimes gives meaning to their drawings and paintings Manipulates a range of tools and equipment/one handed tools including paintbrushes, scissors, toothbrush, scarves/ribbons	•Imitates adults' wri by making continuou lines and shapes and symbols from left to right and top to bott	us si d w di di tom in	• Ascribes meaning to igns, symbols and words that they see in different places, including those they make themselves	Attempts to write own name, or other names and words, using combinations of lines, circles and curves, or letter type shapes	writing i	and early n their play to make pe shapes sent the und of	Shows interest in letters on a keyboard, identifying the letter of their own name and other familiar words	Begins to make letter type shapes to represent the initial sound of other familiar words Can write their own name		
Nursery		Autumn			Spring				Summer			
Knowledge	А	Il about me/ Families			Under the Sea / G	Growth and Change		Travel/ Chester Zoo				
	•	otor skills to develop increasi				ictures which they give r	meaning	Can hold a pencil in a tripod grip				
		ro fastenings on shoes, pour			Γhat's my mummy!")			Can write le	•			
		d tools with intention (music	al instruments, jugs,	•	•	to 'write' items to supp		Can recognise and write their own name independently Can write initial sounds accurately for lists and labelling				
	- '				te some letters accurate	construction/forest scho	וטטו	Can write ii	illiai sourius accurately ic	or lists and labelling		
	Find their name card (with photograph in first instance) Make marks on pictures to represent their name					•	v formed					
				letters	an write their name using a name card with accurately formed tters							
Children to be		in alcoling laft handed actions	:4h:: all ausas af 4h		Childrenill h +				: f / - link -			

Children to be exposed to a range of tools, including left handed scissors, within all areas of the provision. Children will be motivated to write through opportunities provided in a range of ways (clipboards, notepads, different paper coloured, lined, thematic frames) including a range of crayons, pencils, pens, chalks throughout the environment. Staff will model writing for a range of purposes in planned and spontaneous learning opportunities. Gross motor development will underpin the development of fine motor skills with planned provision for small muscle coordination (hands and fingers) with resourcing to include threading, scissors, paint brushes, cutlery for snack/lunch, collage, small world etc

Frodsham Primary Academy - Maths progression through EYFS Number and Number Patterns



Educational Programme: Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes.

ELG

Number

- Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number
- Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5
- Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts

 Numerical Patterns
- Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system
- Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity
- Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally

Focus	Place value: Counting	Place value: Represent	Place value: Use and compare	Addition and subtraction; recall, represent, use	Addition and subtraction: Calculation	Addition and subtraction: Solve problems	
Nursery Skills	May enjoy counting verbally as far as they can go Points or touches (tags) each item, saying one number for each item, using the stable order of 1,2,3,4,5 Uses some number names and number language within play, and may show fascination with large numbers	Begin to recognise numerals 0 to 10 Subitises one, two and three objects (without counting) Links numerals with amounts up to 5 and maybe beyond	Compares two small groups of up to five objects, saying when there are the same number of objects in each group, e.g. You've got two, I've got two. Same!	Counts up to five items, recognising that the last number said represents the total counted so far (cardinal principle) Explores using a range of their own marks and signs to which they ascribe mathematical meanings	numbers are made up (composed) of smaller numbers er said represents the ounted so far (cardinal ole) ores using a range of own marks and signs to they ascribe numbers are made up (composed) of smaller numbers • Beginning to recognise that each counting number is one more than the one before		
Nursery Knowledge	All a	Autumn about me/ Families	Under t	Spring ne Sea / Growth and Change	Summer Travel/ Chester Zoo		
	Can count by rote from 1-10	and represent numbers on their fi er for numbers 1-5 re' or 'less' or the 'same'.	Can identify represen ingers Can subitise 1-3 Can count accurately Can match objects to Can count forwards a	tations of numbers 1,2,3, using 1- correspondence for numbers 1-3 numerals using 1-3 nd backwards from 1-10/ 10-1	Can subitise to 5/ recognise numb Can count accurately using 1- corr Can find 1 more and 1 less than a Can subitise to 6 Can recognise and order numbers Can complete simple representat simple addition and subtraction.	ers 1-5 espondence for numbers 1-5 number between 1 and 5 s 1-10 ions of their working to represent	

Children will be exposed to mathematical vocabulary and mathematical experiences in the indoor and outdoor classrooms. By well-chosen resources such as water play, sand play, construction and small world children will be able to play what they know in a purposeful way whilst learning.

Frodsham Primary Academy- Maths progression through EYFS Shape, Space and Measure



Educational Programme: Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes.

ELG

None

Focus	Spatial Awareness		Shape		Pattern	Measures	
Nursery Skills	Responds to and uses language of position and direction Predicts, moves and rotates objects to fit the space or create the shape they would like	for the child's purpose Responds to both information names Shows awareness of shap between objects Enjoys partitioning and coshapes with 2D and 3D shapes	s and enclosures when building,	organisation or regula • Explores and adds to or three repeating iter leaf, stone (ABC) • Joins in with simple	atial patterns showing some rity simple linear patterns of two ns, e.g., stick, leaf (AB) or stick, patterns in sounds, objects, ce and movement, predicting	In meaningful contexts, finds the longer or shorter, heavier or lighter and more/less full of two items Recalls a sequence of events in everyday life and stories	
Nursery	Autumn		Spring		Su	ımmer	
Knowledge	All about me/ Fa	milies	Under the Sea / Grow	th and Change	Travel/ Chester Zoo		
	an recognise and sort objects by colour using the words same and different on sort different objects by noticing similarities and differences an sort objects by colour/ shape/ size an use the language of big/ little, small/large t compare sizes. On use language of long and short to describe lengths of continue a simple repeating pattern.		To use words such as heavy/light/ he weights. Start to make direct comparisons using shorter, wider/narrower to describe Can compare lengths using practical their comparison. Can name simple 2d shapes of circle, square and group items according to	ng longer/ shorter, taller/ objects and then describe triangle, rectangle and	describe when an event is happen Can compare amounts using the w Can use words of more or less who Can use positional language to pla on top of/ behind/ in front of/	events within a school day (today/tomorrow/before/after that to ing vords full/ empty/ half full.	

Children will be exposed to mathematical vocabulary and mathematical experiences in the indoor and outdoor classrooms. By well-chosen resources such as water play, sand play, construction and small world children will be able to play what they know in a purposeful way whilst learning.

Frodsham Primary Academy- History progression through EYFS UW- Past and Present/ The World



Educational Programme: Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

ELG -UW-Past and Present

- -Talk about the lives of the people around them & their roles in society
- -Know some similarities & differences between things in the past & now, drawing on their experiences & what has been read in class
- -Understand the past through settings, characters & events encountered in books read in class & storytelling

Focus	Chronological understanding	Historical Enquiry	Historical Enquiry		rpretation Commun		nication	Vocabi	ulary- To be used daily.
Nursery Skills	 Retell past events in correct ore Use talk to connect ideas, explay what is happening and anticipal what might happen next, recall and relive past experiences Remembers & talks about significant times or events for family & friends Begin to make sense of own lifestory & family's history 	give explanations		 Develop an understanding of growth, decay and changes over time Bring in photographs, videos, visitor Preserve memories of special events e.g. make a book, video, photos 		Comment and ask questions about aspects of the familiar world such as the place where I live or the natural world Share stories about people from the past who have an influence on the present		 Understand and use vocabulary such as: yesterday, last week, at the weekend, this morning, last night Understand and use vocabulary such as: how, why, because Understand and use vocabulary such as: I can see, I saw, same, different, change, what happened? Why? because 	
Nursery Knowledge	Autumn 1 Colours and feelings Can describe special events such as a birthday/ day out/ first day at school by looking at images. To describe what is the same and what is different.	Autumn 2 Families and Celebrations Can name their own immediate family. Can talk about how they have changed over time from baby-Toddler-child. Can talk about the events in the Christmas story. To describe what we 'remember'.	nilies and Celebrations n name their own mediate family. n talk about how they we changed over time m baby-Toddler-child. n talk about the events the Christmas story. describe what we		Spring 2 Growing and cha Take images of gr and change and sevents and retell happened over tire Compare cooking has this changed?	owth equence what ne. g- how	• Can talk about similand differences between Paddington and us. • Can talk about Paddington as the firefugee and compailife today. • Can describe a member linked to photograp and special objects.	arities ween rst re to	Summer 2 Chester Zoo • What was the forest like before poaching? • How will poaching affect the number of animals in the wild in the future-Cause and effect.

Children to be exposed to key vocabulary daily in provision. High quality text to be chosen for story times that allow for questioning opportunities relating to key events. Timeline of events to be placed up on class walls so children can continually retrieve what they have learnt in the past, can explain what is happening in the present and are aware of what will happen in the future. Class floor books to be used to showcase a learning journey over time of significant events.

Frodsham Primary Academy- RE progression through EYFS UW- People/Culture and Communities



Educational Programme: Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

ELG -

- -Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts & maps
- -Know some similarities & differences between different religious & cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences & what has been read in class
- -Explain some similarities & differences between life in this country & life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts & maps

Focus	Beliefs and Values	Search for Personal mea	Search for Personal meaning		aditions	Shred human experience		Vocabulary- to be used daily	
Nursery Skills	Begin to make sense of their own life story & family history		can talk ilarities & s to friends ives of to them	Develop positive attitudes about the differences between people		Talk about what they have experienced or seen in photos		Celebration, Special, Family, Religion, trust, brave, strong, weak, care, sorry, unique, bells, spire, steeple, mosque, church, respect,	
Nursery Knowledge	Autumn 1 Colours and feelings	Autumn 2 Families and Celebrations		Spring 1 der the Sea			Summer 1 Travel		Summer 2 Chester Zoo
	Can talk about them selves and what makes them unique, linking to features such as hair, eyes colour, hair colour and favourite things.	 Can name different festivals of Diwali, Christmas, Remembrance Day and Bonfire night and can talk about why these celebrations are important. 	differen and exp	npare a variety of t sea creatures lain what is the id what is t.	Can talk about the and what they do grow from a baby child. Can talk about sp events and celebr for them and thei	as they to a ecial rations r family.	Can talk about othe experiences eg Paddington and hov is different to the w they live.	v this	Can talk about the impact of others on their lives.

Children to be exposed to key vocabulary daily in provision. High quality text to be chosen for story times that allow for questioning opportunities relating to key celebrations at different times of the year. Timeline of events to be placed up on class walls so children can continually see significant events that have taken place throughout the year. Class floor books to be used to showcase a learning journey over time of significant events.

Frodsham Primary Academy- Geography progression through EYFS UW- The Natural World



Educational Programme: Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

ELG -UW- The Natural World

- Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of plants and animals
- Know some similarities & differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences & what has been read in class
- Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons

Focus	Location	Place	Place		n and Physical		Geographical skills and		Vocabulary- To be used daily.	
Nursery Skills	Comment and ask questions about aspects of their familiar world such as the place where t live or the natural world Know that there are different countries in the world & talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos	Comments & asks que about aspects of their fa world such as the place live or the natural world	estions amiliar where they l omplex icks & as a city	Help children to notice and discuss patterns around them, e.g. rubbings from grates, covers, or bricks. Identify seasonal patterns — focusing on plants and animals. Begin to understand the effect their behaviour can have on the environment		• Observe and identify features in the place they live and the natural world. • Find out about their environment and talk about features they like and dislike. • Use diverse range of props, photos, books to notice & talk about similarities & differences		Environment, place, quiet, busy, calm, noisy, similar, same, different, old, new, past, present.		
Nursery Knowledge	Autumn 1 Colours and feelings	Autumn 2 Families and Celebrations		Spring 1 der the Sea	Spring 2 Growing and changing		Summer 1 Travel		Summer 2 Chester Zoo	
	Can describe the location of special events eg parks, cinema, beach. Can say what they like and dislike about indoor and outdoor classroom.	 Can talk about who lives in their home. Talk about seasonal changes. What can we see in Autumn, Winter, Spring and Summer link to weather, clothing and trees. 	• Can buil reef and	scribe the s of under the sea. d their own coral l include key s to create a	• Can explain why we see plants and flowers growing in the spring and the Summer. • Can explain the best places for flowers, and vegetables to grow and explain why.		 Know our school is based. Frodsham which is in Engage. Can name some signification in Frodsham- Castle Park. Park, Morrisons Shopping. Know the names of other and can explain similaritic Differences. To name a variety of differences transport such as car, botrain, plane, bike, subma 	gland. nt places , Skate g etc. r countries es and erent at, bus,	 To explain the effect of poaching on the environment. To be able to explain the consequences of not putting our rubbish in the bin. 	

Children to be exposed to key vocabulary daily in provision. High quality text to be chosen for story times that allow for questioning opportunities relating to key learning knowledge and skills. Timeline of events to be placed up on class walls so children can continually retrieve prior learning. Class floor books to be used to showcase a learning journey over time of significant events.

Frodsham Primary Academy - Science progression through EYFS UTW- The Natural World



Educational Programme: Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

Understanding the World- The Natural World ELG -

- Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants
- Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class
- Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons

Focus	Seasonal changes	Everyday materials		Plants	Animals	including Humans	Vocabulary- To be used daily.
Nursery Skills	Explore different habitats outdoors, e.g. scent, colour & shape of flowers attracting bees Observe growth & decay over time Begin to understand the need to respect & care for the natural environment & all living things Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary	 Explore materials with properties Explore natural materiand outdoors. Explore collections of rwith similar and/or difproperties. Talk about the differer between materials and that they notice. 	als, indoors materials fferent nces	Observe plants closely through a variety of means e.g. magnifiers & photographs Begin to understand the need to respect & care for the natural environment & all living things Extend vocabulary: leaves, petals, roots, bulb, trunk, branches, stem, garden plants, wild plants, seeds Use all the senses in hands-on exploration of plants Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant	through e.g. mag Look a develop adult Observor action physical Under of the lift Under	we animals closely a variety of means gnifiers & photographs at key stages of ment from birth to we & describe in words as the effects of activity on body stand the key features fe cycle of a butterfly stand the key features fe cycle of an animal	Senses, experiment, plants – leaf, stem, root, flower, animals, humans, materials, change, growth, environment, heavy, ligh float, sink, baby, toddler, child, egg, caterpillar, chrysalis, seasons, melt, freeze, hard, soft, kitten, puppy, foal, calf etc
Nursery	Autumn			Spring	Summer		
Knowledge	All about me/ Fan	nilies	Under the Sea / Growth and Change			Travel/ Chester Zoo	
	Know about the different seasons & the plants, tress & creatures Using images can sequence the change	 Mos ow the names of different body parts & what they do ow about the different seasons & the effect they have on butter on butter or all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural erials Mos on All properties Kno Kno Kno Kno Kno Kno 		the names of animal babies clants start growing from a seed or bulb ints need water & light to grow & survive the correct terms to describe the life-cycle of a / how to care for plants & talk about the life-cycle of a plant the names of the basic parts of a plant & tree e a magnifying glass		 Know the effects of exercise on the body e.g. heart beats faster, get hotter Know the different properties of material e.g. wood, plastic, metal Know why some objects float & sink 	

Children to be exposed to key vocabulary daily in provision. High quality text to be chosen for story times that allow for questioning opportunities relating to key events. The outdoor classroom will be used as a key feature in our science learning through the natural world. Trips to the farm and the zoo will be used to enhance children experiences of animals and class experiences of hatching our own chicks and caring for our own caterpillars/butterflies.

Frodsham Primary Academy - Design and Technology progression through EYFS EAD: Creating with Materials & Being Imaginative and Expressive



Educational Programme: The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

ELG

- Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function
- Share their creations, explaining the process they have used
- Make use of props and materials when role-playing characters in narratives and stories

Focus	Designing	Making	Evaluating	Technical Skills	Food Technology	Vocabulary- To be used daily.
Nursery Skills	Develop own ideas & decide which materials to use to express them	Use various construction materials, e.g. joining pieces, stacking vertically and horizontally, balancing, making enclosures and creating spaces Use available resources to create props or creates imaginary ones to support play	Notice what other children & adults do, mirroring what is observed, adding variations & then doing it spontaneously	 Develop new skills & techniques Use tools for a purpose 	Talk about the differences between materials & changes they notice Make healthy choices	Like/ dislike Use, cut, snip, press, fold, join, fix, glue, stick, bumpy, smooth, shiny, hard, soft, rough, fruit, vegetables, healthy, unhealthy, different.
Nursery Knowledge	Autumn 1 Colours and feelings	Autumn 2 Families and Celebrations	Spring 1 Under the Sea	Spring 2 Growing and changing	Summer 1 Travel	Summer 2 Chester Zoo
	To sort by colour a range of objects and materials. Can make snips in paper using a two-handed scissor grip. Can use glue to join pieces	Can build a representation of own home using a mixture of materials. Can use a range of toolsrolling pin, cutters, extruders, scissors, hole punch, Sellotape dispenser independently.	Can use a range of materials to join, glue, string, cotton, Sellotape. Can create animal habitats using a range of different materials and textures and explain their choices.	Can make own designs from junk modelling materials Can explain what healthy and unhealthy means.	•Can use a variety of different materials to create a variety of different transport such as a boat, plane, helicopter, submarine	Can use a range of tools-rolling pin, cutters, extruders, scissors, hole punch, Sellotape dispenser independently and with accuracy. Can match animals to the food they produce.

Children to be exposed to key vocabulary daily in provision. High quality resources will be provided for daily accessibility. Playdough/ Malleable/Art/building/small world and outdoor provisions will provide a wealth of opportunity. Resources will be enhanced and developed as children develop their skill set.

Frodsham Primary Academy - Art progression through EYFS Expressive Arts and Design- Creating with materials



Educational Programme: The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

ELG

- Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function
- Share their creations, explaining the process they have used
- Make use of props and materials when role-playing characters in narratives and stories

Focus	Drawing	Painting		Texture and collage	Explore	Vocabulary		
Nursery Skills	Create closed shapes with continuous lines, & begin to use these shapes to represent objects Begin to use a variety of drawing tools Draw with increasing complexity & detail, such as representing a face with a circle & including details Show different emotions in their drawings Explore colour & colour mixing	Explore different material order to develop ideas abouse them & what to make Join different materials & different textures Handling, feeling, enjoying manipulating materials Use variety of constructions.	out how to & explore	Join different materials & explore different textures Develop own ideas & decide which materials to use to express them	Notice what other children & adults do, mirroring what is observed Practise artist's techniques Discuss likes & dislikes about artwork	Line, thick, thin, wavy, straight, pencil, Finger, stick, chalk, pastel, felt tip, Mark making tools, sponges, different brushes, respond, line, colour, dough, explore, mark making, textural effects, materials, tools, control, fine motor, glue, sticking, paper, fabric, natural materials, Experiment, printing, media, understand, techniques		
Nursery Knowledge			Spring Under The Sea / Growth and Change			Summer Travel / Chester Zoo		
	 Begin to use a variety of drawing tools- pencils, crayons, pencil crayons, pastels, and chalk Explore different textures and Can draw a simple representation of myself Explores what happens when you mix colours Begin to describe different textures 		Can describe changes to colours as they are mixed. Can create simple collages using a variety of texture and can explain how one texture represents an object. Can describe different textures. Can create observation drawing of flowers and pastels		 Select the appropriate tool or technique to complete a task Can make their own transport models using a variety of materials such as cardboard, plastic, fabric. Can create their own zoo- by making colour and material sections for their chosen animals. 			

Children to be exposed to key vocabulary and quality texts within all areas of the provision. Children will become familiar with text structure, characters and key vocabulary through well planned continuous provision all linked to a quality key text. There will be a balance of fiction and non-fictions texts used to support learning. Children will have daily literacy inputs and daily phonics inputs where concepts about print and book handling skills will be modelled. Reading will take high priority across provision.

Frodsham Primary Academy - MUSIC progression through EYFS EAD- Creating with Materials and Being Imaginative



Educational Programme: The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

ELG

- Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes & songs
- Perform songs, rhymes, poems & stories with others, & when appropriate try to move in time with music

Nursery Skills *Remember and sing familiar songs eg pop songs and rhymesSing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up of familiar songs. *Remember and sing familiar songs add rhymesSing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up of familiar songs. *Nursery Knowledge *Autumn 1 Colours and feelings *Can sing a range of familiar nursery rhymes *Can use props as they sing (nativity) *Can move in time to music. *Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings. *Poevelop an understanding of how to create & use sounds intentionally *Create & use sounds intentionally *Create own songs, or improvise a song around one they know *Creates sounds to accompany stories *Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up & down, down & up) of familiar songs *Creates sounds to accompany stories *Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up & down, down & up) of familiar songs *Creates sounds to accompany stories *Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up & down, down & up) of familiar songs *Creates sounds to accompany stories *Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up & down, down & up) of familiar songs *Creates sounds to accompany stories *Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up & down, down & up) of familiar songs *Creates sounds to accompany stories *Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up & down, down & up) of familiar songs *Creates sounds to accompany stories *Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up & down, down & up) of familiar songs *Creates sounds to accompany stories *Creates sounds feelings *	Focus	Singing	Listening		Composing		Performir	ng	Vocab	oulary- To be used daily.
Knowledge Colours and feelings Families and Celebrations • Can sing a range of familiar nursery rhymes inursery rhymes • Can use props as they sing (nativity) • Can move in time to • Can sing a range of familiar nursery rhymes • Can sing a range of familiar nursery rhymes instrument. • Can sing a range of familiar nursery rhymes with a musical instruments to go faster and slower and can start and stop using visual signs. • Can use instruments to go faster and slower and can signs. • Can use instruments to go faster and slower and signs.	•	songs eg pop songs and rhymo • Sing the melodic shape (movi melody, such as up and down	es. expressing their thoug feelings. • Explore & learn how so movements can be chan louder, quieter • Notice what other chil adults do, mirror what is adding variations & doir	ounds & nged e.g. dren & s observed,	Develop an understanding of how to create & use sounds intentionally Create own songs, or improvise a		Remember & sing familiar songs e.g. pop songs, rhymes Taps out simple repeated rhythms Creates sounds to accompany stories Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up & down, down & up) of familiar songs Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings		Fast/slow Loud/quiet	
	=	Colours and feelings •Can sing a range of familiar	Families and Celebrations Can sing a range of familiar nursery rhymes with actions Can use props as they sing (nativity) Can move in time to	Traditi far Can follo with a m instrume Can follo body pe Can use	onal Tales and m animals ow a steady beat nusical ent. ow the beat using rcussions. instruments to	• Can sing along and mirror the	to songs	Can create their own rhythm in time to mu Can use instruments to faster and slower and start and stop using v	sic. to go I can	 Chester Zoo Can sing along to a range or songs. Use musical instruments

Children to be exposed to key vocabulary daily in provision. High quality text to be chosen for story times that allow for questioning opportunities relating to key events. Timeline of events to be placed up on class walls so children can continually retrieve what they have learnt in the past, can explain what is happening in the present and are aware of what will happen in the future. Class floor books to be used to showcase a learning journey over time of significant events.

Frodsham Primary Academy - COMPUTING progression through EYFS Understanding the World: Computing Overview



Educational Programme: Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

ELG

NO ELG's are represented for this area.

	represented for this area.					
Focus	Electronic Communication Understanding Technologies	Text and Multimedia	Research and E-Safety	Digital images and audio	Algorithms Handing information	Vocabulary- To be used daily.
Nursery Skills	Shows an interest in technological toys with knobs or pulleys, real objects such as cameras, and touchscreen devices such as mobile phones and tablets	• Knows how to operate simple equipment, e.g. turn on CD player, uses a remote control, can navigate touch-capable technology with support	 Know how to handle equipment safely Begin to know that they shouldn't use devices without supervision 	Knows that information can be retrieved from digital devices and the internet	Shows skill in making toys work by pressing parts or lifting flaps to achieve effects such as sound, movements or new images	Choices, equipment, buttons, movement, screen, keyboard, count, organise,
Nursery Knowledge	Autumn 1 Colours and feelings	Autumn 2 Families and Celebrations	Spring 1 Traditional Tales and farm animals	Spring 2 Growing and changing	Summer 1 Adrift	Summer 2 Chester Zoo
	Explore different toys in role play such as telephones, cameras, keyboards. Know not to touch the teachers computer without supervision.	•Can operate a simple CD player by pressing start and stop to play music.	•Understands that we can search for information on 'google' by typing in a word to find out more.	•Can use a simple I board touch programme to draw a picture by changing tools and colours using the onscreen options.	•Can operate simple games on the iPad and know to open and end a programme.	•Can type their name on a keyboard by finding the letters of their name.

Children to be exposed to key vocabulary daily in provision. High quality resources will be provided for daily accessibility.

Role-play areas will be a key area where a range of technologies will be used in play-telephones, microwaves, cookers, keyboards, televisions, CD player. These should be modelled.